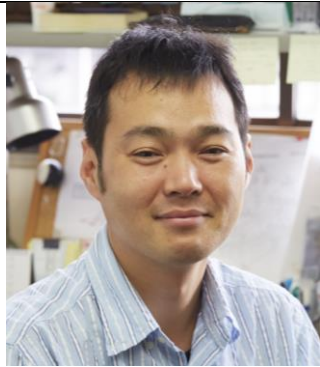


Requests for Collaboration

Name: Kingo ARIYOSHI, Ph. D. Current position: Associate Professor E-mail address: ariyoshi@a-chem.eng.osaka-cu.ac.jp	
Research Interests	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Synthesis and characterization of lithium insertion materials for advanced lithium-ion batteries ● Electrochemical analysis on lithium insertion electrodes ● Electrochemistry for energy materials 	
Creative Achievements in The Application of New and Existing Science and Technology	
<p>(1) High voltage electrode materials: Five-volt lithium insertion material of lithium nickel manganese oxides having a spinel structure was improved their electrochemical properties by developing crystallinity [3].</p> <p>(2) High capacity electrode materials: High capacity lithium insertion material of lithium nickel manganese oxides exhibited the highest reversible capacity of more than 350 mAh g⁻¹ among the lithium insertion materials reported so far [4]. Novel electrochemical methods called “backstitch” charge and discharge method was developed to analyze a large voltage hysteresis, which is characteristic of high capacity Li-excess materials [1].</p> <p>(3) Electrode material with high dimensional stability: Lithium cobalt manganese oxide showed no significant dimensional change during lithium insertion/extraction reaction, leading high energy and long-life lithium-ion batteries [2]. Zero-strain lithium insertion mechanism for the lithium titanium oxide was revealed by detailed structural analysis [5].</p>	
Technology (Product, Process, Device, Service etc.) That I Want to Request for Collaboration	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Ab-initio calculation for ceramics ● X-ray absorption spectroscopic analysis by synchrotron radiation ● TEM analysis of ceramics 	
A List of 5 Key Publications	
<p>[1] Quantitative analysis of large voltage hysteresis of lithium excess materials by backstitch charge and discharge method, <u>K. Ariyoshi</u>, T. Inoue, Y. Yamada, <i>J. Electrochem. Soc.</i>, 165, A1-A7 (2018).</p> <p>[2] High dimensional stability of LiCoMnO₄ as positive electrodes operating at high voltage for lithium-ion batteries with a long cycle life, <u>K. Ariyoshi</u>, H. Yamamoto, Y. Yamada, <i>Electrochimica Acta</i>, 260, 498-503 (2018).</p> <p>[3] Effect of Primary Particle Size upon Polarization and Cycling Stability of 5-V Lithium Insertion Material of Li[Ni_{1/2}Mn_{3/2}]O₄, <u>K. Ariyoshi</u>, Y. Maeda, T. Kawai, T. Ohzuku, <i>J. Electrochem. Soc.</i>, 158, A281-A284 (2011).</p> <p>[4] High-capacity lithium insertion materials of lithium nickel manganese oxides for advanced lithium-ion batteries: toward rechargeable capacity more than 300 mAh g⁻¹, T. Ohzuku, M. Nagayama, K. Tsuji, <u>K. Ariyoshi</u>, <i>J. Mater. Chem.</i>, 21, 10179-10188 (2011).</p> <p>[5] Zero-strain insertion mechanism of Li[Li_{1/3}Ti_{5/3}]O₄ for advanced lithium-ion (shuttlecock) batteries, <u>K. Ariyoshi</u>, R. Yamato, T. Ohzuku, <i>Electrochimica Acta</i>, 51, 1125–1129 (2005).</p>	